

# **COMPSCI 751 Advanced Database Systems**

## **Course Outline**

### **Schedule**

First Semester 2017.

For current timetable and rooms please refer to university timetabling system; please watch out for room changes in the first week of semester.

### **Assessment**

Tests 20%, Labs 4%, Report 20%, Assignment 8%, Exam 48%. You must pass both exam and practical (combined coursework).

### **Description**

This course is about database management systems. It covers data organisation, query processing, transactions and advanced database concepts.

### **Contents**

Relational model, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus, SQL, Entity Relationship Model, Normalization, Query Processing and Query Optimization, Physical Database Design, Transaction Management, ACID Transactions, Transaction Isolation Levels, Database Recovery, Distributed Databases.

### **Coursework 2017**

- **751 Report:** 20% towards the final mark.  
Due: 8 May, 5pm.
- **Assignment 1:** 4% towards final mark  
Due: 30 March 2pm
- **Labs:** 4% towards final mark.
- **Test 1:** 10% towards final mark  
Date: Thursday, 13 April, during class time  
Room: to be confirmed.
- **Assignment 2:** 4% towards final mark  
Due: 24 May 2pm
- **Test 2:** 10% towards final mark  
Date: Thursday, 8 June during class time  
Room: to be confirmed.

**Exam:** 48% towards final mark  
Closed Book, 2 hours.

## **Recommended Textbook**

- Database Management Systems, 3ed, Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- Foundations of Database Systems, 4th, Elmasri and Navathe, Addison Wesley, 2004.
- Data on the Web: From Relations to Semistructured Data and XML, Serge Abiteboul, Peter Buneman, and Dan Suciu, Morgan Kaufmann, 2000.

## **Lecturers**

- Dr Gerald Weber - course director
- Prof Gillian Dobbie
- Prof Sebastian Link

## **Learning Outcomes**

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Assess established and upcoming technologies in the field of databases critically.
- Transform conceptual diagrams into logical database schemata
- Normalize and de-normalize logical database schemata to process frequent database queries and database updates efficiently
- Implement logical database schemata in the industry-standard SQL in order to define, manipulate and query data according to best practice
- Declare complex database queries in relational calculus
- Exploit SQL to execute semantically sound database queries and updates
- Apply relational algebra to optimize the evaluation of database queries
- Adjust database designs to evolving requirements by using suitable evaluation strategies and physical data structures that help achieve good performance
- Understand transactions as a foundation for the concurrent execution of database programs and the recovery from system failures
- Appreciate data distribution techniques to achieve local ownership, increased availability and better performance